

# Hooke's Law 1 MS

Q1.

<b>5</b> (i)	$0.3g = \frac{18e}{0.9}$ $e = 0.15 \text{ m}$	M1		Uses $T = \frac{\lambda x}{l}$
<b>(ii) (a)</b>	$12 = \frac{18\text{ext}}{0.9}$ and $ht = 3 - 0.9 - \text{ext}$ $ht = 1.5 \text{ m}$	M1	[2]	Both ideas needed, ext = 0.6
<b>(ii) (b)</b>	$\frac{0.3 \times 6^2}{2} - \frac{0.3u^2}{2} + 0.3g(0.6 - 0.15)$ $= \frac{18 \times 0.6^2}{2 \times 0.9} - \frac{18 \times 0.15^2}{2 \times 0.9}$ $\left( \frac{0.3u^2}{2} = 3.375 \right)$ $0.3v^2 = 0.3u^2 + 0.3g(3 - 0.6 - 0.9)$ OR $v^2 = u^2 + 2g(3 - 0.6 - 0.9)$ $v = 7.25 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	M1 A1		KE/PE/EE balance up to string breaking $u^2 = 22.5$
		M1		KE/PE balance after string breaks or $v^2 = u^2 + 2g(ht)$ using ht from (ii)(a)
		A1	4	7.2456

Q2.

<b>2</b> (i)	$mg = 30(0.8 - 0.5)/0.5$ $m = 1.8 \text{ kg}$	M1		
<b>(ii)</b>	$EE = 30(1.2 - 0.5)^2 / (2 \times 0.5)$ $1.8v^2/2 = 30(1.2 - 0.5)^2 / (2 \times 0.5)$ $- 1.8 \times (1.2 - 0.5)g$ $v = 1.53 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1 M1 A1	2 3	KE/EE/PE equation, 3 terms RHS = 2.1

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Q3.

<b>3 (i)</b>	$20x/0.4 = 0.5gsin30$ $x = 0.05 \text{ m}$	M1 A1	2	$\lambda_{\text{ext/nat length}} = \text{comp weight}$
<b>(ii)</b>	$20(0.05)^2/(2 \times 0.4) + 0.5 \times 5^2/2 =$ $20e^2/(2 \times 0.4) + 0.5 \times 2^2/2$ $-0.5(e - 0.05)gsin30$ $2.5e^2 - 2.5e - 5.1875 = 0$ $e = 0.508$	M1 A1 M1 A1		KE/PE/EE balance with 2 KE and 2 EE terms All terms without $e$ correct Creates /attempts to solve a 3 term quadratic equation

Q4.

<b>5 (i)</b>	C of M is 0.1 m from AB $0.05T = 20(0.25 - 0.1)$ $T = 60 \text{ N}$	B1 M1 AG A1	3	Moments about D
<b>(ii)</b>	$60 = 48e/0.6$ $e = 0.75 \text{ m}$ $2.5v^2/2 + 48(0.75)^2/(2 \times 0.6) =$ $2.5g(0.75 + 0.6)$ $v = 3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	M1 A1 M1 A1 A1	5	Toppling $T = \lambda_{\text{ext/nat length}}$ KE/EE/PE balance

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Q5.

<b>5</b>	<b>(i)</b> $0.2g = R + 21 \times \frac{0.05}{0.75}$ $R = 0.6 \text{ N}$	<b>M1</b>		
<b>(ii)</b>	$21\left(\frac{0.8}{\cos \theta - 0.75}\right) / (0.75 \cos \theta) = 0.2g$  $e = 0.0735$  OR  $\frac{21e}{0.75} \times \frac{0.8}{(e + 0.75)} = 0.2g$  $e = 0.073529\dots$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	2	$\theta = \text{angle of string with vertical}$ $\text{Comp of tension} = \text{weight}$ $\theta = 13.7(291\dots)$  $e = 0.8/\cos\theta - 0.75 = 0.073529\dots$  $e = \text{extension}$ $\text{Comp of tension} = \text{weight}$
<b>(iii)</b>	$\frac{0.2(3)^2}{2} + \frac{21(0.05)^2}{(2 \times 0.75)} = \frac{0.2v^2}{2} + \frac{21 \times 0.0735^2}{1.5}$  $v = 2.93 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b>	3	Uses EE/KE balance

Q6.

<b>7</b>	<b>(i)</b> $Mg = \frac{12.5e}{0.8}$ $e = 0.64M$	<b>M1</b>		Uses $T = \lambda e/l$
<b>(ii)</b>	$Mg(0.8 + e) =$ $\frac{M \times 44^2}{2} + \frac{12.5e^2}{(2 \times 0.8)}$  $10M(0.8 + 0.64M) =$ $9.68M + \frac{12.5(0.64M)^2}{1.6}$  $8+6.4M = 9.68 + 3.2M$  $M = 0.525$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b>	2	PE/KE/EE conservation  $8M+6.4M^2=9.68M+3.2M^2$  Attempt to solve equation in $M$
<b>(iii)</b>	$0.525gd = \frac{12.5(d - 0.8)^2}{(2 \times 0.8)}$  $0.672d = d^2 - 1.6d + 0.64$  $d = 1.94$	<b>M1</b>	6	PE/EE balance

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Q7.

<b>5</b>	(i) $24e/0.8 = 0.2g$ $e = 0.2$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	2	
	(ii) $24 \times 0.2^2 / (2 \times 0.8) (= 0.6)$ $0.6 \times 4.5^2 / 2 + 0.6gd + 24 \times 0.2^2 / (2 \times 0.8)$ $= 0.6 \times 3.5^2 / 2 + 24 \times (0.2 + d)^2 / (2 \times 0.8)$ $d = 0.4$ so AP ( $= 0.8 + 0.2 + 0.4$ ) = 1.4m	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b>	4	ft(cv0.2) Initial EE PE/EE/KE balance attempt d = distance particle falls
	(iii) $24 \times 0.2^2 / (2 \times 0.8) + 0.6 \times 4.5^2 / 2 =$ $0.6 v^2 / 2 + 0.6g \times 0.5$ $v = 3.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b>	3	PE/EE/KE balance, 4 terms. Award B1ft for initial KE if not already seen in part ii

Q8.

<b>7</b>	(i) $12(1.6 - 1.2)/1.2 = mg \sin 30$ $m = 0.8 \text{ kg}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	2	Uses $T = \lambda e \sin \theta / l$
	(ii) PE change = 1.6  $IKE + 12 \times 0.4^2 / 2.4 =$ $1.6 \times 0.2 g \sin 30 + 12 \times 0.2^2 / 2.4$  IKE = 1 J <b>AG</b>	<b>B1</b> <b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	4	$2 \times \text{ans(i)}$ Both EE terms correct  KE/PE/EE balance Both EE terms correct
	(iii) $12e/1.2 = 1.6 g \sin 30$ $e = 0.8$  $1.6 v^2 / 2 + 12 \times 0.8^2 / 2.4 =$ $1.6 g \times 0.6 \sin 30 + 12 \times 0.2^2 / 2.4$  $v = 1.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b>	5	$\lambda e \times t / l = \text{new weight component}$  May be stated without explanation  Must use new equilibrium position

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Q9.

<b>2</b> (i) $5 = 0.2\lambda/0.4$ $\lambda = 10 \text{ N}$	<b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	<span style="color: #c00000;">2</span>	Tension = $\lambda_{\text{ext}}/l$	
(ii) $10(0.2^2/(2 \times 0.4) + (5/g)v^2)/2 = 0.3 \times 5$ $v = 2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	<span style="color: #c00000;">3</span>	Correct EE term PE/KE/EE 3 terms	
(iii) $10e^2/(2 \times 0.4) = 5(e + 0.1)$ $e = 0.483$	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	<span style="color: #c00000;">3</span>	Correct EE term Energy equation	

Q10.

<b>6</b> (i) $\text{EE} = 8(0.9\pi - 1.2)^2/(2 \times 1.2)$ $8.83 = 0.2g \times 0.9 + 0.2v^2/2 + 8(0.9\pi/2 - 1.2)^2/(2 \times 1.2)$ $v = 8.29 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b> <b>A1</b>	<span style="color: #c00000;">4</span>	Initial EE = 8.83 J	
(ii) $\theta = 1.2/0.9 = 4/3 \text{ rad } (=76.4^\circ)$ $8.83 = 0.2g \times 0.9 + 0.2g \times 0.9\cos\theta + 0.2v^2/2$ $v = 8.13 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	<b>B1</b> <b>M1</b> <b>A1</b>	<span style="color: #c00000;">3</span>	$0.2 \times 8.29^2/2 = 0.2g \times 0.9\cos\theta + 0.2v^2/2$	